

# College Avenue



## Adaptive Traffic Control Pilot Project

Jan. 11, 2011

Presented by:

Rob Sprinkle  
City of Santa Rosa

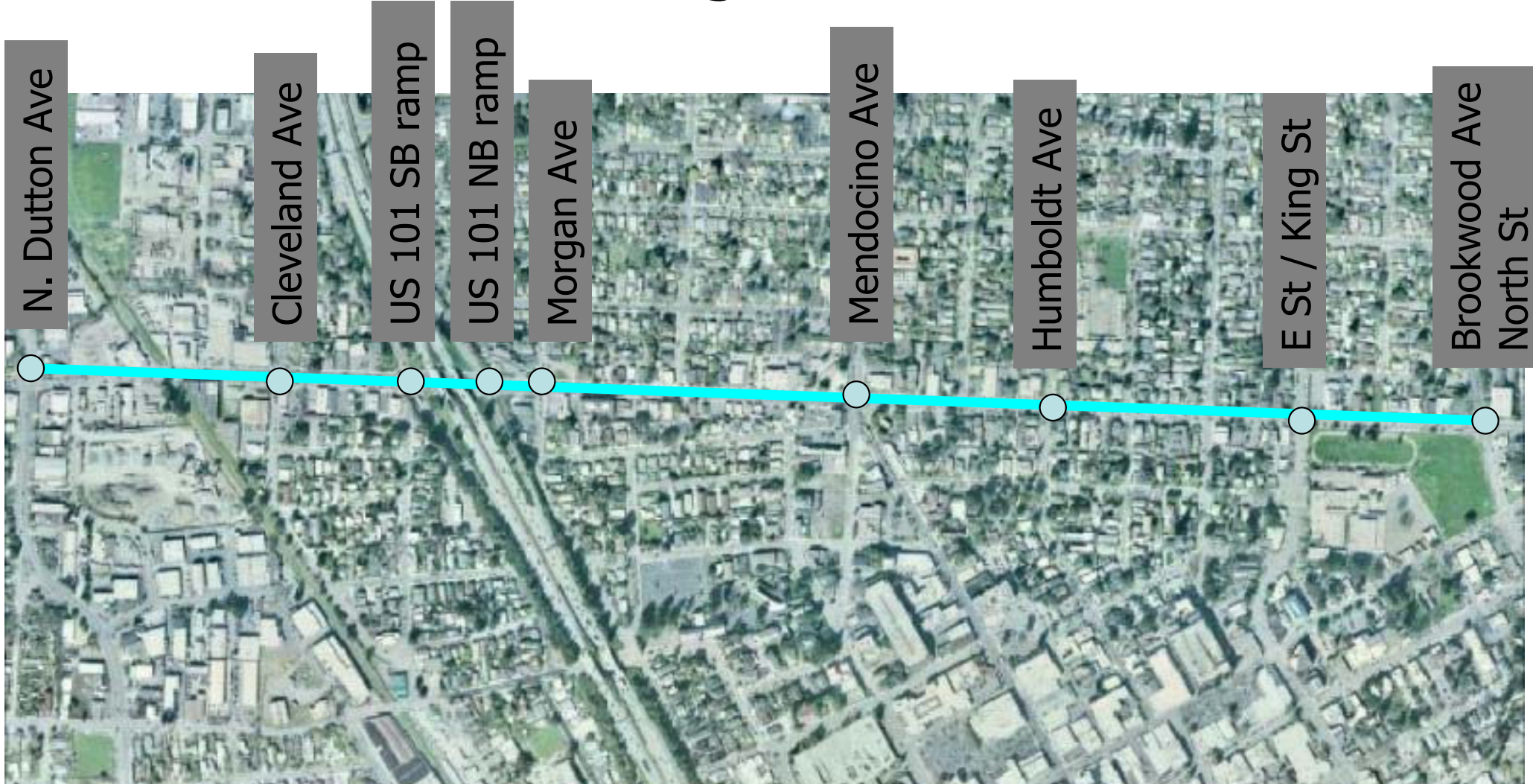
# Background

- City of Santa Rosa received a \$300,000 Federal Earmark for the installation of an adaptive traffic control pilot project
- The grant required the Systems Engineering process to determine the most appropriate software for the City
- That process identified SCATS as the software best suited for Santa Rosa
- The total project cost was \$626,000

# Why SCATS?

- Out of the six companies that responded to the request for proposals, only two were true adaptive systems
- SCATS met more of our functional requirements and was most cost effective
- A few companies claimed adaptive, but were really traffic responsive systems

# College Avenue



# Why College Avenue?

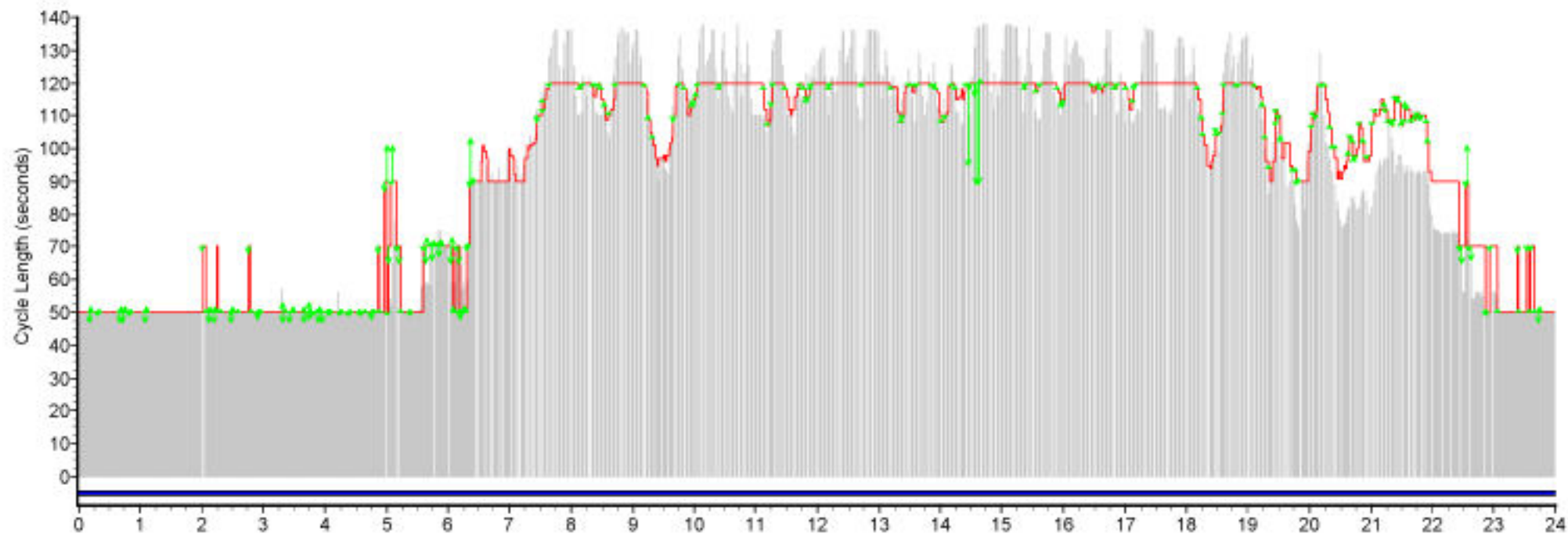
- Dynamic corridor with several traffic generators
  - Santa Rosa High School
  - Santa Rosa Junior College
  - Santa Rosa Middle School
  - US 101 ramps
- College Avenue serves as a local and regional arterial

# Old Timing vs. New Timing

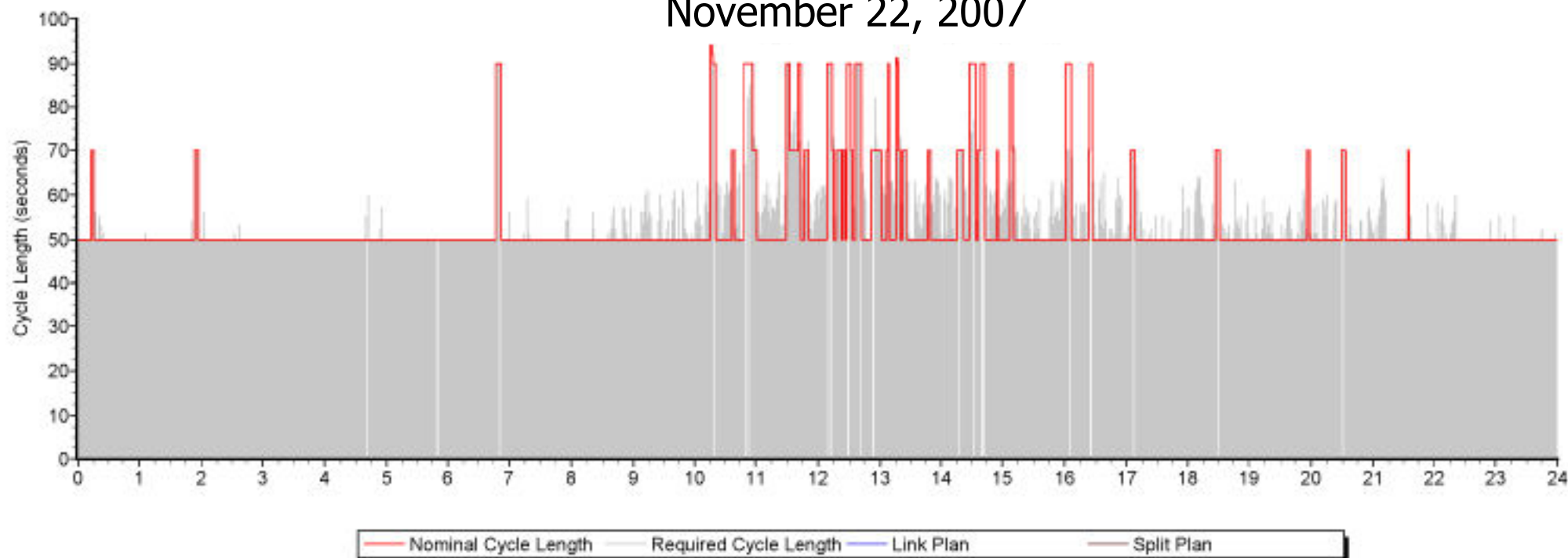
**Time of day (TOD) operation** (previously in place): Pre-developed timing plans are activated by time of day, based on historic data, and make adjustments due to traffic demand

**Traffic Adaptive:** Timing splits automatically developed each cycle as traffic demand changes at each intersection and ties groups of intersections together

# November 15, 2007

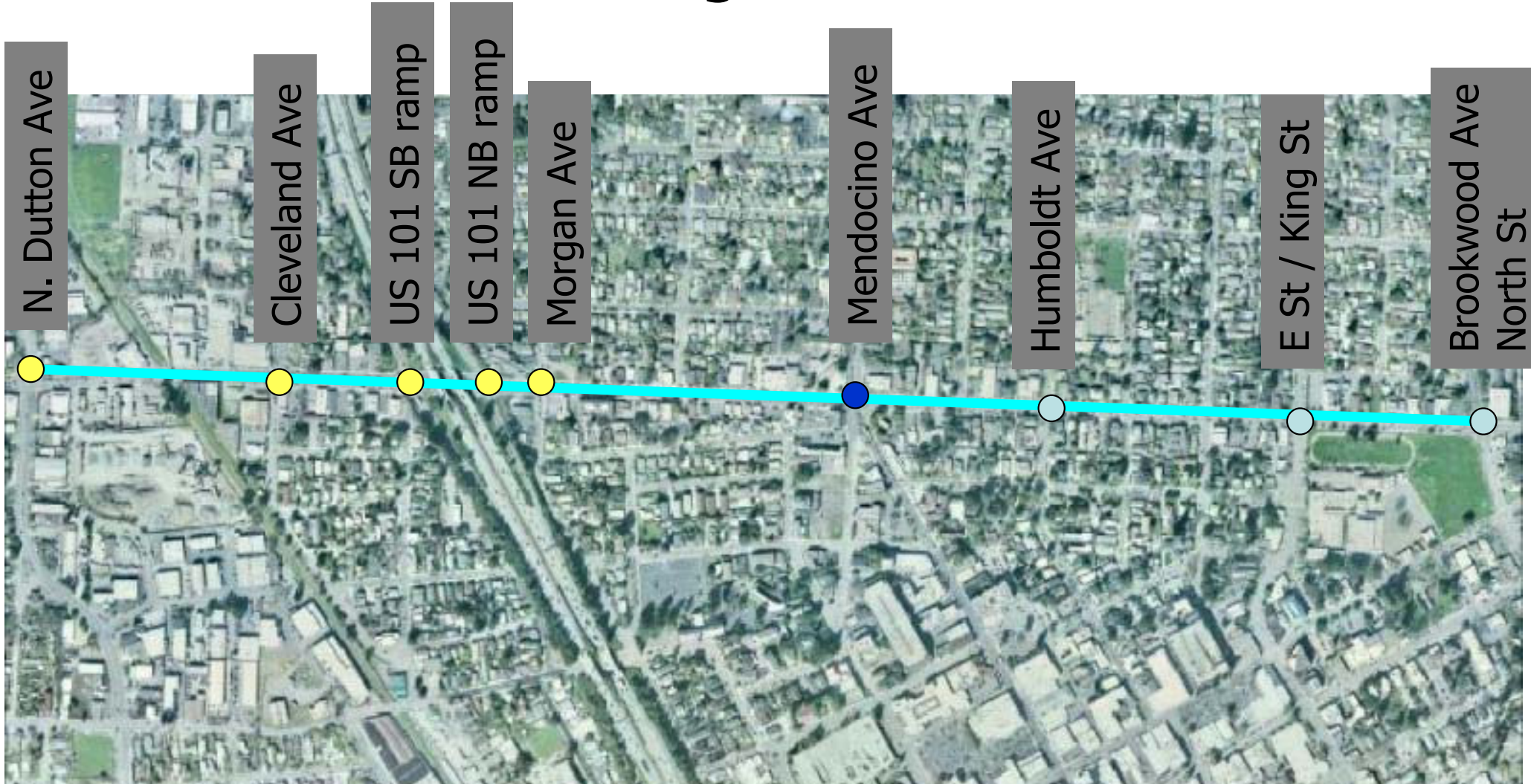


# November 22, 2007



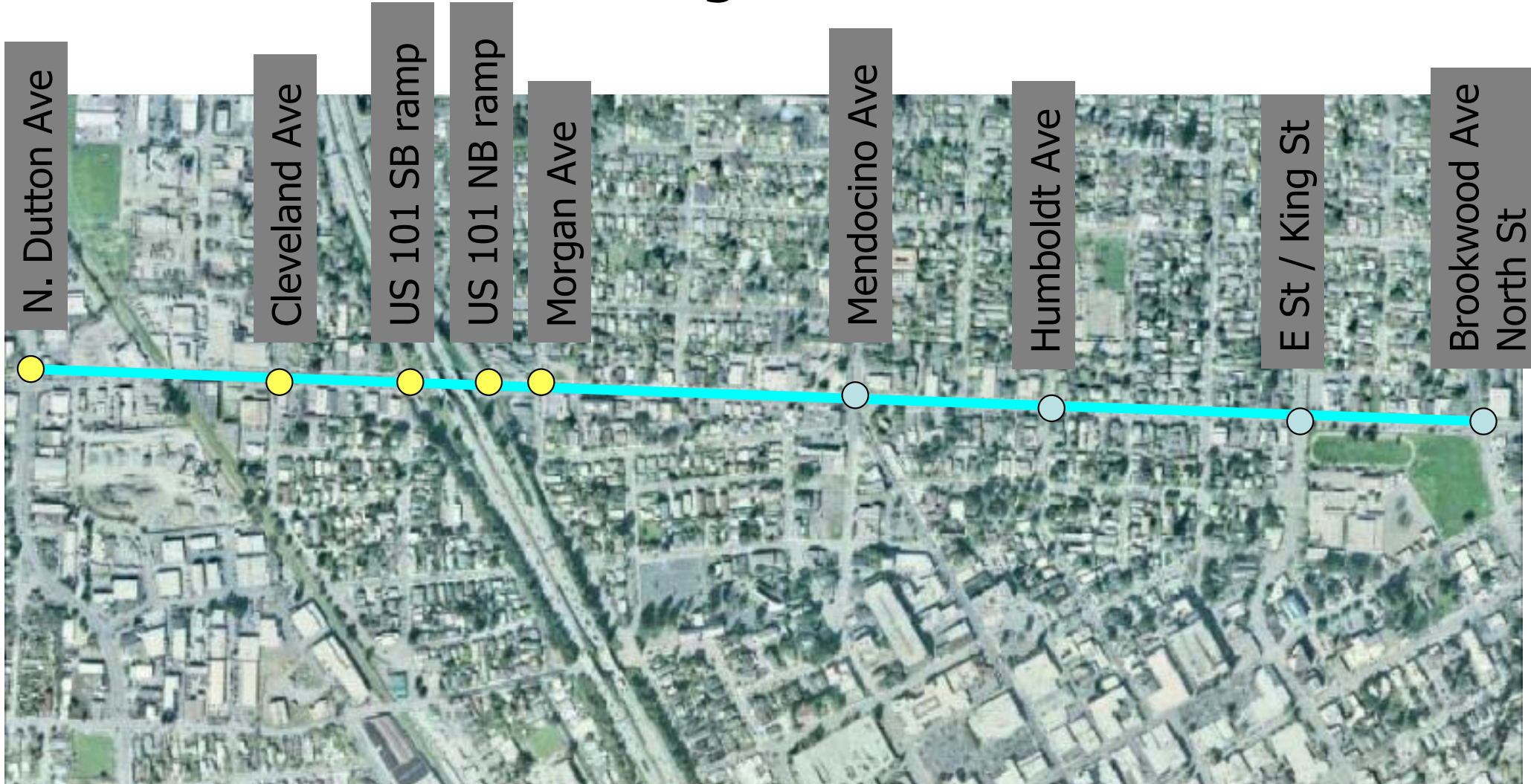


# College Avenue



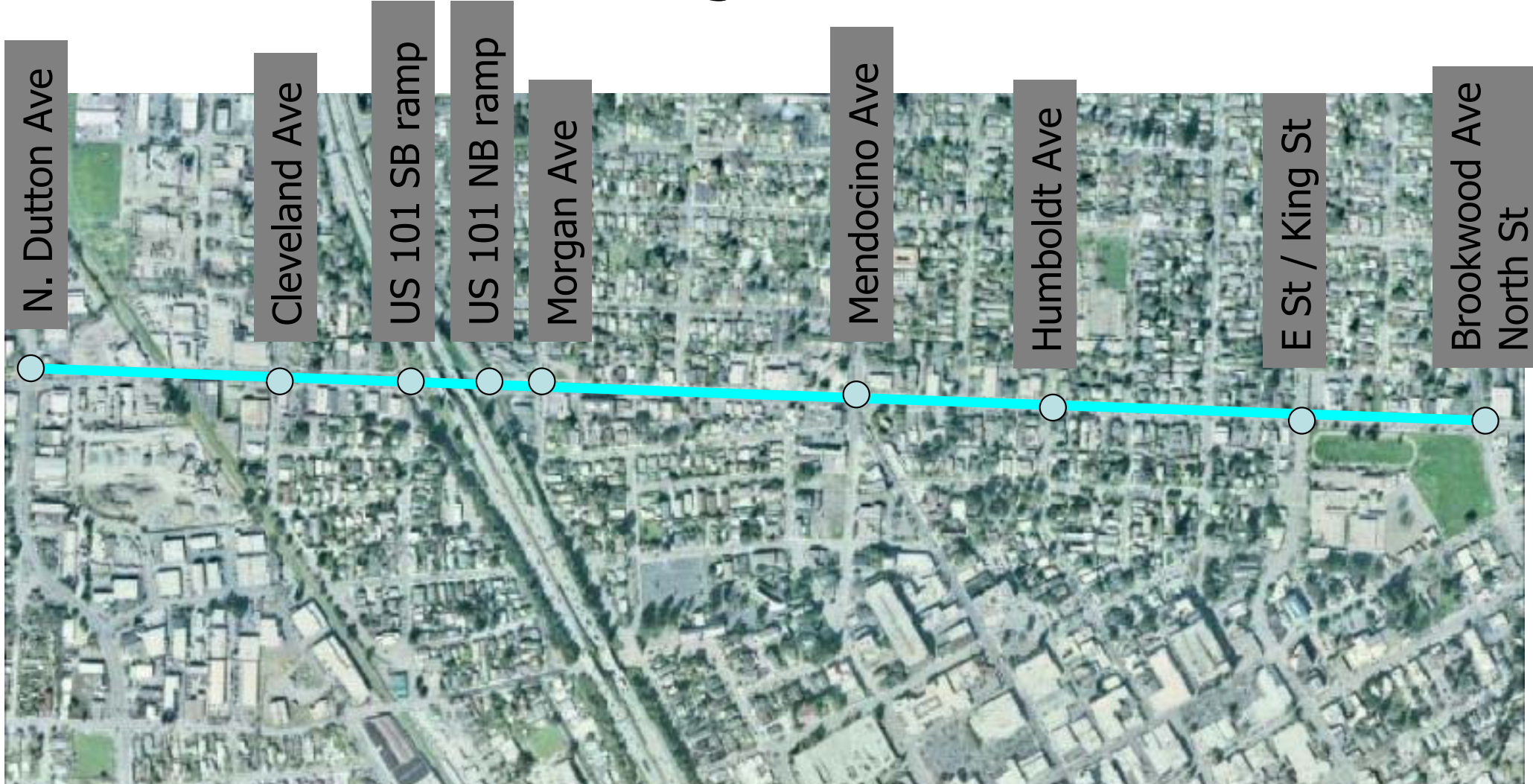


# College Avenue





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# How to test the new system?

- Data was collected with the system running in the adaptive mode for a week
- Data was collected with the system running in time of day plan mode for a week
- During the tests, segment counts were taken to compare each week

# The Data

- GPS units were used to collect travel time, speed, and delays throughout the day
- 51 before and 51 after travel time runs were performed
- Manual counts were taken along with hose counts to determine arterial volumes and side street delay was measured at several intersections

# Travel Time Data

Corridor – Direction	Period	Peak Volume	Travel Time Before (sec)	Travel Time After (sec)	Weighted Time Savings
College EB	6:00-7:20	731	205	216	-5%
	7:20-9:10	1449	322	259	20%
	9:10-11:45	1901	237	197	17%
	11:45-14:45	2411	224	265	-19%
	14:45-18:00	3043	247	240	3%
	18:00-19:00	594	295	182	38%
	19:00-20:30	672	262	181	31%
College WB	6:00-7:20	616	225	189	16%
	7:20-9:10	1223	487	169	65%
	9:10-11:45	1756	264	199	25%
	11:45-14:45	2168	618	255	59%
	14:45-18:00	2655	550	276	50%
	18:00-19:00	525	220	226	-3%
	19:00-20:30	713	328	199	39%



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# Number of Stops

Corridor – Direction	Period	Average # Stops Before	Average # Stops After
College EB	6:00-7:20	3	3.5
	7:20-9:10	3.5	3
	9:10-11:45	4.5	2.5
	11:45-14:45	4.5	2
	14:45-18:00	4	3
	18:00-19:00	5.5	2
	19:00-20:30	5	2
College WB	6:00-7:20	3.5	4
	7:20-9:10	4	4
	9:10-11:45	4	2.5
	11:45-14:45	11	3.5
	14:45-18:00	12	2.5
	18:00-19:00	2	3
	19:00-20:30	5.5	1.5

# Side Street Delay

- Side street delay on several streets did increase
- Across the system, there was a 26% increase delay in side street traffic
- It makes sense – since the cycle is longer on College Avenue, side streets may wait
- We have “half cycled” Humboldt Avenue and King Street to address delay there.

# Community Benefit

- It should take between 3-5 minutes to travel College Avenue rather than 4-10 minutes
- The number of stops should decrease from 5 to 3 or less
- Side street delay may increase, but you should have a place to go when you turn onto College Avenue from side streets



# Result Summary

- Average Travel Time decreased by 33%
- Number of Stops decreased by 49%
- Side street delay increased by 26%

# Essentials

- Reliable communications
  - We use Ethernet over copper
- Reliable detection
  - We use a mainly Autoscope video
  - Some loops (15' head loops)
  - Some Sensys locations
- We use 2070's although system is compatible with certain 170E controls


# We Like...

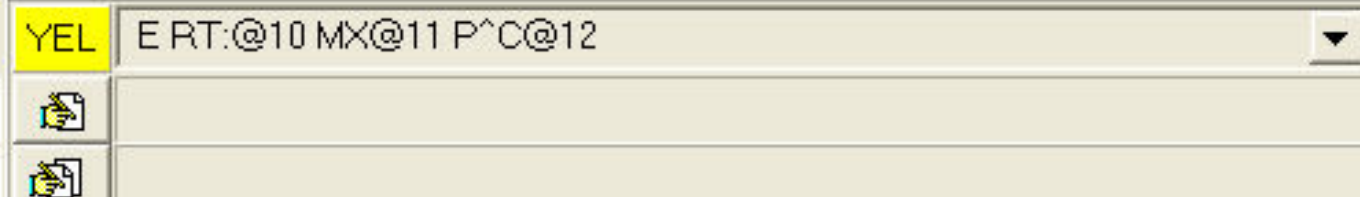
- Double service per cycle
- Half cycle feature
- Signals systems marry/divorce depending on counts or cycle times
- Continuous cycle length adjustment and split adjustment
- Low maintenance

# We need...

- To become more familiar with details of the software
- To become more confident in making adjustments
- IT support and signal technicians with IT experience

Find	Monitor	Subsystem	Strategic Monitor
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SR1 Subsystem 33	Degree of saturation 96	<b>SCATS 6</b> 
System plan 1	Married +	Cycle generator 59
Link plan 3	Link 0, 0 ^B 108	Active link 0 ^B 108
Cycle plan none	Cycle time 101	Required cycle time 95





# Additional Projects

- Guerneville/Steele corridor – 11 signal system
  - 35% decrease in travel time during peak
- Stony Point Road – 16 signal system
  - 5% decrease in travel time during peak
- Mendocino Avenue – 10 signal system
  - Under construction